

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiese: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/699,419	10/31/2003	Anush Kumar	MSFT-2761/302030.1	2077
23377 WOODCOCK	7590 07/11/200 WASHBURN LLP	8	EXAM	IINER
CIRA CENTRE, 12TH FLOOR			ANDERSON, FOLASHADE	
2929 ARCH S PHILADELPI	TREET IIA, PA 19104-2891		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		3623	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/11/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. 10/699,419 KUMAR ET AL.

Applicant(s)

Office Action Summary							
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	FOLASHADE ANDERSON	3623					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D Entensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the communication Failure to reply within the act or adended period for reply will by the act Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maining aemed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 Ju	<u>ine 2008</u> .						
2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	e merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) 8-15 and 21-23 is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 16-20</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
o) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P	ГО-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 Copies of the certified copies of the prior 	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National	Stage				
application from the International Bureau	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5). Notice of Informal P						

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/02/2003.

6) Other: _____.

Art Unit: 3623

DETAILED ACTION

 This is the first non-final office action in response to Applicant's submission filed on May 12, 2008. Currently, claims 1-23 are pending. Claims 8-15 and 21-23 have

withdrawn from consideration.

Election/Restrictions

2. Applicant's election of group I in the reply filed on May 12, 2008 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on December 2, 2003 was considered by the Examiner in the prosecution of the claims in the instant application.

Art Unit: 3623

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

·

5. Claims 1-7 are In order for a method to be considered a "process" under §101, a claimed process must either: (1) be tied to another statutory class (such as a particular apparatus) or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials). Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972). If neither of these requirements is met by the claim, the method is not a patent eligible process under §101 and is non-

statutory subject matter.

An example of a method claim that would not qualify as a statutory process would be a claim that recited purely mental steps, as in claim 1. Thus, to qualify as a § 101 statutory process, the claim should positively recite the other statutory class (the thing or product) to which it is tied, for example by identifying the apparatus that accomplishes the method steps, or positively recite the subject matter that is being transformed, for example by identifying the material that is being changed to a different state.

Here, applicant's method steps, fail the first prong of the new Federal Circuit decision since they are not tied to another statutory class and can be preformed without the use of a particular apparatus. Thus, claims 1-7 are non-statutory since they may be preformed within the human mind.

Art Unit: 3623

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

7. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being

indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which

applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites "optionally changing the business rules and applying the

changed business rules during execution of the workflow" It is unclear if the step

itself is optional or if the user is given the option to create and apply a business rule.

For purposes of examination the step is interpreted to mean creating and applying a

business rule

Claims 2-7 which depend from claim 1 suffer similar deficiencies. Correction is

required.

Claim 2 recites "pre-defined progression of operations". In light of the

specification it is unclear what is encompassed in this phrase. For purposes of

examination the step is interpreted to mean a predetermined map of operational steps.

Art Unit: 3623

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

 The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-5, 7 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gleason (2003/0195762 A1).

Claim 1

Gleason teaches a method of tracking operations in an automated business process, the method comprising:

• defining a plurality of operations at a plurality of nodes in a business process (0003, the invention features a workflow method including specifying data source, invoking a decision-tree based map using icons that represent elements of business rules 0013 a map representing a business process flow with input and output, a start and end activity destination, activity assignments, and a rule set linked to each of the activity assignments, and 0022, users of the system are able to define a process and associate the responsible parties, where the Examiner

Art Unit: 3623

understands a node to be a connection point in a process for example those of the decision tree):

Page 6

- executing a workflow comprising the operations (0010 executing the selected activities (operations) and 0017 system enables the execution of business process application (operations));
- applying a plurality of business rules to the workflow at the nodes to
 affect the operations (0019 web service is a rule or action within a rule
 that interacts within an external system via the web, for the purpose of
 querying and retrieving a response from an external system, which
 response is the input to the next rule or activity within the business
 process);
- optionally changing the business rules and applying the changed business rules during execution of the workflow (0025 individual rules and sets of rules that are configurable by the use of variables assigned and 0022 the user can generate a set of variables that in addition to being one output of the application, can control decisions and flow of the business process thus making the process dynamic and adaptive to external business conditions, where the Examiner understands dynamic to indicate a continuous action i.e. during execution); and
- providing a correlation between the business rules applied to the nodes and the corresponding affected operations to track operations within the workflow (0003 linking input from the input and output forms to

Art Unit: 3623

dynamic variables within the decision-tree based map and 0007 tracking a status of the business process).

Claim 2

Gleason teaches the method of claim 1, wherein executing a workflow comprises executing a pre-defined progression of operations (0017 a decision tree based process map), wherein the operations are at least one of transactions internal to a business enterprise and transactions external to a business enterprise (0068 applications that input or amend data on an interactive basis before arriving at the final values, such as budgeting (transaction), where the Examiner understands that it was old and well known in the art at the time the invention was made that budgeting was a transaction type that could have been preformed either internal or external to an enterprise. Further the Examiner understands that within a workflow process a transaction can only be either internal or external and therefore any reference to a workflow process with the step of executing would read on this claim).

Claim 3

Gleason teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the operations comprise passing XML formatted messages according to the workflow (0028 business process management engine to access a Microsoft COM.RTM (Component Object Model) through the use of a SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol)/XML (eXtensible Mark up Language) services and 0048 Any client application capable of generating an HTML request that complies with the SOAP standard, and that conforms to a request layout described in WSDL file, can use SOAP services as a way of communicating with

Art Unit: 3623

the process engine, where the Examiner understand that the process engine executes the workflow process 0011).

Claim 4

Gleason teaches the method of claim 1, wherein applying a plurality of business rules to the workflow comprises using a rules engine integrated with a workflow processor (0011) the application server including a process engine for executing an automated work flow process and 0082 the process engine provides a process designer and the handles the generation and editing of business process and process rule sets. The process engine provides a process manager that handles running or scheduling of business processes)

Claim 5

Gleason teaches the method of claim 1, wherein optionally changing the business rules and applying the changed business rules during execution of the workflow comprises implementing a changed business rule while avoiding at least one of suspending, recompiling and redeploying the workflow (0068, The COM layer additionally provides a local cache capability for the API information. Performance is improved as any information already returned from a server based process engine remains available locally at the client. The cache layer can persist itself to disk and therefore a client application can be coded to continue working while disconnected from the process engine. Method calls are provided in the COM layer to allow the cache to be refreshed from the process engine and so reflect any updated information.)

Art Unit: 3623

Claim 7

Gleason teaches the method of claim 1, wherein providing a correlation between the business rules applied to the nodes and corresponding affected operations comprises providing a correspondence between a specific business rule executed at a node and a resultant state of an operation within the workflow of the automated business process (0082 the process engine provides monitoring of the progress of active processes and displaying log information for processes that have run, where the Examiner understands that it was old and well known in the art at the time the invention was made that a log would contain the status and results of an operations step)

Claim 16

Claim 16 is substantially similar to claim 1 and is therefore rejected for substantially the same reasoning given above with regards to claim 1.

Claim 17

Claim 17 is substantially similar to claim 3 and is therefore rejected for substantially the same reasoning given above with regards to claim 3.

Claim 18

Claim 18 is substantially similar to claim 4 and is therefore rejected for substantially the same reasoning given above with regards to claim 4.

<u>Claim 19</u>

Claim 19 is substantially similar to claim 5 and is therefore rejected for substantially the same reasoning given above with regards to claim 5.

Art Unit: 3623

Claim 20

Claim 20 is substantially similar to claim 7 and is therefore rejected for substantially the same reasoning given above with regards to claim 7.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

11. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gleason (US Publication 2003/0195762 A1) in view of Agarwal et al (An operational Approach to the design of workflow systems, published 2000).

Claim 6

Gleason teaches The method of claim 1, wherein optionally changing the business rules and applying the changed business rules during execution of the workflow (0022 and 0025). Further Gleason teaches a decision tree based process map (0017) commonly associated with if/then type of program at the time the invention was made; however Gleason does not expressly teach utilizing at least one declarative if/then statement.

Agarwal teaches utilizing at least one declarative if/then statement (pg. 550 lf the test result is false then an approval activity. If the result of the test is true the

Art Unit: 3623

approval is skipped. Class 'if' representing decisions that can be automatically taken by the workflow enactment service) in an analogous art for the purpose of modeling the workflow system (abstract)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the teachings of Agarwal in the invention of Gleason to allow for the ease of non-technical person's understanding and management of the process structure (Agarwal, 554).

Art Unit: 3623

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to FOLASHADE ANDERSON whose telephone number is

(571)270-3331. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday

8:00 am to 5:00 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Beth Van Doren can be reached on (571) 272-6737. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

,

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Folashade Anderson/ Examiner, Art Unit 3623

/Andre Boyce/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3623

Art Unit: 3623

Art Unit: 3623